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Social Work Syllabus for Uttarakhand State Civil
Services Main Exam-2011

SOCIAL WORK PAPER-I

Social Work: Philosophy & Methods

Social Work: Meaning, Objectives, Scope, Assumptions & Values, History of social work in U.K., U.S.A. and India; Philosophy of Social Work: Democratic (Equality, Justice, Liberty & Fraternity) and Humanitarian (Human Rights) Matrix; Social Work as a profession.

Methods of Social Work:

Social Case Work: Meaning, Scope, Principles, Processes (psycho-social study, assessment, treatment-goal formulation and techniques), Evaluation, Follow-up and Rehabilitation.

Social Group Work: Meaning, objectives, principles, skill, processes (study, diagnosis, treatment and evaluation), programme planning and Development, Role of social Group Worker, Leadership Development.

Community Organisation: Meaning, objectives, principles, Approaches, Roles of community organisation worker.

Social Welfare Administration: Meaning, scope, Auspices-private and public, Principles, Basic Administrative processes and Practices-decision making, communication, planning, organising, budgeting and financial control, reporting.

Social Work Research: Meaning, objectives, types, scope, scientific method, selection and formulation of the problem, Research Design, Sampling, Sources and Methods of Data collection, processing of Data, Analysing and Interpretation, Report writing.

Social Action: Meaning, Scope, Applications (Sarvodaya, NGOs Antyodaya, etc.) and strategies.

PAPER-II

Social Problems and Fields of Social Work in India

Problems Pertaining to Marriage, Family and Caste: Dowry, child marriage, Divorce, Families with working couples, Disorganised Families, Families with Emigrant Heads of the Households, Gender Inequality, Authoritarian Family Structure, Major changes in caste system and Problems of Casteism.

Problems Pertaining to Weaker Sections: Problems of children, Women, Aged, Handicapped and of Backward classes (S.Cs, S.Ts and Other Backward Classes).

Problems of Deviance: Truancy, Vagrancy and Juvenile Delinquency, Crime, White Collar crime, organised Crime, Collective Violence, Terrorism, prostitution and Sex Related Crimes.

Social Vices: Alcoholism, Drug Addiction, its effects on social life, Beggary, Corruption and Communalism.

Problems of Social Structure: Poverty, Unemployment, Bonded Labour, Child Labour, Slums, Social Disintegration.

Fields of Social Work in India: Child Development, Development of Youth, Women's Empowerment, Welfare of Aged, Welfare of Physically, Mentally and socially Handicapped, Welfare of Backward Classes (S.Cs, S.Ts and OBCs), Rural Development, Urban Community Development, Medical and Psychiatric social work, Industrial Social work, Social Security Corrections.