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Indian Overseas Bank Clerk Exam English
Language Solved Question Paper 2007

65. Fortunately, the accident did not cause her any _____ injury.

- 1) negligible 2) preventable
3) minor 4) serious
5) remarkable

Directions (Q. 66-77): In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

It is very (66) to (67) the extent of the poverty in India. Hence, it is called the mass poverty. It is a (68) of low national income and its (69) distribution. The (70) pace of development (71) the extent of poverty. The mass poverty (72) India belong to the category of the (73) countries in the world. In many Asian countries practically about 50 per cent people (74) below the poverty line. In India, more than 46.33 per cent people are below the poverty line and the level of the per capita income is very (75). The Planning Commission has (76) the poverty line on the (77) of nutritional requirement of 2,400 calories per person per day in rural areas and 2,100 calories for the persons in urban areas.

66. 1) essential 2) difficult 3) appropriate
4) unkind 5) unfortunate
67. 1) visualize 2) formulate 3) nullify
4) eradicate (5) calculate
68. 1) requirement 2) development 3) problem
4) job 5) presumption
69. 1) unequal 2) normal 3) absolute
4) proper 5) usual
70. 1) small 2) gigantic 3) fast
4) slow 5) easy
71. 1) augments 2) accentuates 3) gains
4) helps 5) thwarts
72. 1) enables 2) desires 3) enriches
4) helps 5) makes
73. 1) neediest 2) poorest 3) best
4) developed 5) richest
74. 1) help 2) follow 3) remain
4) live 5) work
75. 1) low 2) fine 3) negligible
4) high 5) small
76. 1) controlled 2) converted 3) recommended
4) banned 5) defined
77. 1) suggestion 2) consumption 3) occasion
4) basis 5) account

Directions (Q. 78-82): In each question below, four words which are numbered (1), (2), (3) and (4) have been printed, one of which may be wrongly spelt. The number of that word is the answer. If all the four words are correctly spelt, mark (5) ie "All correct" as the answer.

78. 1) Pionear 2) Neighbour 3) Harmony
4) Propriety 5) All correct

79. 1) Instantly 2) Comfortable 3) Enforcement
4) Wisdom 5) All correct
80. 1) Enhance 2) Assumption 3) Vehical
4) Prisoner 5) All correct
81. 1) Noteworthy 2) Pecular 3) Priority
4) Triangular 5) All correct
82. 1) Violence 2) Heredity 3) Conclusion
4) Engagement 5) All correct

Directions (Q. 83-87): In each of the following questions, six words are given which are denoted by (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F). By using all the six words, each only once, you have to frame a meaningful and grammatically correct sentence. The correct order of the words is your answer. Choose from the five alternatives the one having the correct order of words.

83. A) Me B) Let C) Work
D) Style E) My F) In
1) BECFDA 2) EBCBAF 3) BACFED
4) FDBEAC 5) ECFADB
84. A) Careful B) In C) Are
D) Work E) They F) Their
1) FEDACO 2) ECABFD 3) BCEDAF
4) EDACFB 5) FCADBE
85. A) See B) Again C) You
D) To E) Hope F) We
1) FEDACB 2) CEDAFB 3) BCEDAF
4) CBEDAF 5) FACDEB
86. A) Prepared B) Not C) Leave
D) Are E) To F) They
1) DFBEAC 2) FDBECA 3) ECDFA
4) FDECBA 5) FDBAEC
87. A) Not B) We C) Assist
D) To E) Them F) Decided
1) BAFDCE 2) FOCEAB 3) ABFCDE
4) BFADCE 5) BCADFE

Directions (Q. 88-100): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words in the passage have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

In July 1920 barely eight months after his arrival in England, Subhash Chandra Bose appeared in the Civil Service Examination and passed it with distinction. But the prospect of being a member of the bureaucracy did not make him happy. He felt that the first step towards **equipping** oneself for public service was to **sacrifice** all worldly interest. Much against the wishes of his father Subhash resigned from the I.C.S. and returned to India in July 1920. Here he became Deshbandhu's most promising recruit. When C.R. Das became the chief organiser of the boycott of the visit of Prince of Wales, Subhash was by his side. The hartal in Calcutta was a spectacular success and both the *guru* and *sisya* found themselves in jail. This was Subhash's first incarceration, the first of a total of eleven. Later, when C.R. Das was elected

Mayor of Calcutta, Subhash was appointed Chief Executive Officer. While holding this post he was arrested in a case of conspiracy and was **lodged** without trial in Mandalay jail for two-and-a-half years. After release from jail, he became President of the Bengal Pradesh Congress Committee and once again **resumed** his political activities.

Subhash became President of the All India Youth Congress, Central Officer Commanding of the Congress Volunteer Corps, and in 1928 was the co-founder, with Jawaharlal Nehru of the Left Wing of the Congress Party. He also became President of the All India Trade Union Congress in 1931. His dynamism was a source of inspiration for the trade unionists in the struggle for their rights as well as for India's freedom. In 1938, he was elected President of the Indian National Congress at the Haripura Session. This was the time when Congress ministries were in office in seven states under the scheme of Provincial Autonomy granted under the Government of India Act of 1935. He emphasised on the revolutionary potential of the Congress ministries in the presidential address. He was re-elected Congress President the following year at Tripuri, defeating the veteran, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya though the latter enjoyed Gandhiji's support.

88. When Subhash was the Chief Executive Officer
- 1) he was arrested in a conspiracy case
 - 2) the Government of India Act of 1935 was passed
 - 3) he became President of the Bengal Pradesh Congress Committee
 - 4) The hartal in Calcutta was observed
 - 5) None of these
89. Why was hartal observed in Calcutta?
- 1) Against the decision of sending Subhash to jail for two and a half years
 - 2) Against the detention of Deshbandhu C.R. Das by police
 - 3) Against the visit of the Prince of Wales to India
 - 4) Against the atrocities committed by the British rulers
 - 5) Against the ban imposed on trade union activities
90. Which of the following statements is TRUE in the context of the passage ?
- 1) The session of the Congress party was held at Calcutta
 - 2) Subhash liked the idea of working in a bureaucratic set up
 - 3) Subhash became the President of the All India Trade Union Congress in 1928
 - 4) In British rule, Congress was allowed to form ministries in States
 - 5) Subhash was lodged in the Mandalay jail after a proper trial
91. Why did Subhash resign from the Indian Civil Service?
- 1) He wanted to find out a Guru and sacrifice all worldly interests

- 2) He was influenced by Deshbandhu Das to take that decision
 - 3) He wanted to activate the revolutionary potential of the Congress party
 - 4) He was in favour of non-bureaucratic form of the Government
 - 5) None of these
92. When Subhash was elected President of the Indian National Congress
- 1) He was known for propagating revolutionary and militant ideas
 - 2) The Congress party was ruling in several Indian States
 - 3) The political struggle in India was a sluggish State
 - 4) He was also President of the All India Trade Union Congress
 - 5) Dr Pattabhi Sitaramayya was his deputy
93. Shri C.R. Das (was)
- 1) the co-founder of the Left Wing of the Congress Party
 - 2) the President of the All India youth Congress
 - 3) arrested and lodged in Mandalay jail without trial
 - 4) organised the boycott of the visit of Prince of Wales
 - 5) elected unopposed as the President of the Congress Party
94. Which of the following statements A, B and C is / are definitely True?
- (A) Subhash emphasised the revolutionary potential of the Congress ministries.
- (B) Subhash carried out his political activities from the Mandalay jail.
- (C) Shri C.R. Das was the mentor of Subhash.
- 1) Only A 2) Only B 3) Only B and C
 - 4) Only A and C 5) None of these
95. Why did Subhash feel he should do for preparing himself to undertake public service?
- 1) He should decide not to work in a bureaucratic set up
 - 2) He should feel pulse of the Nation
 - 3) He should feel renounce all pleasure available in the world
 - 4) He should dissociate himself from all dogmatic ideas and set notions
 - 5) None of these
96. Which of the following statements is NOT TRUE in the context of the passage?
- 1) Subhash was elected President of the Tripuri Congress in the year 1938
 - 2) Subhash returned to India from England in 1920
 - 3) Subhash resigned from the I.C.S. against the wishes of his father
 - 4) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru along with Subhash founded the Left Wing of the Congress Party
 - 5) Subhash was lodged in Mandalay Jail

Directions (Q. 97-98): Choose the word which is most nearly the SAME in meaning as the word given in bold as used in the passage.

97. **Equipping**

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| 1) providing | 2) preparing |
| 3) projecting | 4) proclaiming |
| 5) positioning | |

98. **Lodged**

- | | |
|--------------|-------------|
| 1) sentenced | 2) declared |
| 3) arrested | 4) housed |
| 5) fixed | |

Directions (Q. 99-100): Choose the word which is most opposite in meaning to the word given in bold as used in the passage.

99. **Resumed**

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1) dissolved | 2) disorganised |
| 3) discontinued | 4) depleted |
| 5) denounced | |

100. **Sacrifice**

- | | |
|---------------|------------|
| 1) assimilate | 2) abandon |
| 3) associate | 4) absorb |
| 5) acquire | |

ANSWER

51	(3)	76	(5)
52	(2)	77	(4)
53	(2)	78	(1)
54	(4)	79	(4)
55	(1)	80	(3)
56	(4)	81	(2)
57	(2)	82	(1)
58	(1)	83	(3)
59	(5)	84	(2)
60	(5)	85	(1)
61	(4)	86	(5)
62	(2)	87	(4)
63	(1)	88	(1)
64	(3)	89	(3)
65	(4)	90	(4)
66	(2)	91	(5)
67	(5)	92	(2)
68	(3)	93	(4)
69	(1)	94	(5)
70	(4)	95	(3)
71	(1)	96	(1)
72	(5)	97	(2)
73	(2)	98	(4)
74	(4)	99	(3)
75	(1)	100	(5)