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SSC Combined Matric Level (Pre) Exam
General Awareness Solved Question
Paper – 2000 (Middle Zone)

- 101.** The planet emitting green light is
(1) Jupiter (2) Venus
(3) Uranus (4) Neptune
- 102.** If total utility is maximum at a point, then marginal utility is
(1) positive
(2) zero
(3) negative
(4) positive but decreasing
- 103.** Which one of the following items is included in the national income account?
(1) Services of housewives
(2) Income of smugglers
(3) Services of Sadhus
(4) Services of night-watchmen
- 104.** The situation in which total revenue is equal to total cost, is known as
(1) monopolistic competition
(2) equilibrium level of output
(3) break-even point
(4) perfect competition
- 105.** The relationship between price of a commodity and the demand for it
(1) is a positive relationship
(2) is an inverse relationship
(3) They are independent of each other
(4) They do not have any relationship
- 106.** An increase in national income because of an increase in price is called
(1) an increase in national income in real terms
(2) an increase in national income at constant prices
(3) an increase in money national income
(4) an increase in national income at base year prices
- 107.** In heating frozen foods in sealed pouches in a microwave, why do you first poke holes in the pouch?
(1) To prevent the steam pressure from bursting open the pouch
(2) To allow the heat to get into the food through the hole
(3) To allow the microwaves to get into the food through the holes
(4) To allow the aroma of the food to come out through the holes
- 108.** A vacuum cleaner works on the principle of pressure difference. On the moon it will
(1) work as efficiently as on the earth
(2) not work at all
(3) work with reduced efficiency
(4) work with increased efficiency
- 109.** After reflection from a plane mirror **AMBULANCE** the word will like
(1) AMBULANCE
(2) ECNALUBMA
(3) AMBULANCE
(4) AWBULANCE
- 110.** A rubber ball is dropped from a height of 2 metres. To what height will it rise if there is no loss of energy/velocity after rebounding?
(1) 4 metres
(2) 3 metres
(3) 2 metres
(4) 1 metre
- 111.** When a pail of water is swung in a vertical circle, the water does not fall out at the top of the loop when the speed is
(1) below a certain minimum value irrespective of amount of water in the pail
(2) above a certain minimum value irrespective of amount of water in the pail
(3) above a certain minimum value depending on amount of water in the pail
(4) below a certain minimum value depending on amount of water in the pail
- 112.** Morley-Minto Reforms were introduced in which of the following years?
(1) 1909 (2) 1919
(3) 1924 (4) 1935
- 113.** In which region was Birsa Munda operating against the British?
(1) Punjab
(2) Chota Nagpur
(3) Tarai
(4) Manipur
- 114.** The slogan of Quit India Movement was given by
(1) Sardar Patel
(2) Mahatma Gandhi
(3) Subhash Chandra Bose
(4) Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru
- 115.** Which museum houses the largest collection of Kushan sculptures?
(1) Mathura Museum
(2) Bombay Museum
(3) Madras Museum
(4) Delhi Museum
- 116.** During Akbar's reign the Mahabharat was translated into Persian and is known as

- (1) Iqbal Namah
(2) Razm Namah
(3) Akbar Namah
(4) Sakinat-ul-Auliya
- 117.** Which British Viceroy is associated with the Partition of Bengal?
(1) Lord Canning
(2) Lord Curzon
(3) Lord Hardinge
(4) Lord Wellesley
- 118.** Who among the following Tomar rulers, is credited with founding the city of Delhi?
(1) Anangapal
(2) Vajrata
(3) Rudrane
(4) Devraja
- 119.** Who among the following Mughal emperors, brought about the fall of Sayyid Brothers?
(1) Bahadur Shah I
(2) Rafi-ud-daulah
(3) Shah Jahan II
(4) Muhammad Shah
- 120.** Indonesia was a colony of which of the following countries?
(1) Dutch (2) Spain
(3) Portugal (4) Belgium
- 121.** Mahavira was born in a Kshatriya clan by the name of
(1) Shakya
(2) Janatrika
(3) Mallas
(4) Lichhavis
- 122.** The Virupaksha Temple was built by the
(1) Chalukyas
(2) Pallavas
(3) Vakatakas
(4) Satavahanas
- 123.** Commercialisation of agriculture implies
(1) cultivation of timbers
(2) plantation
(3) production of crops for sale
(4) production of crops like wheat or rice
- 124.** Payment of water charges by the farmers to the government represents
(1) intermediate consumption
(2) final consumption
(3) fixed investment
(4) inventory investment
- 125.** In accounting terms, what constitutes the 'closing stock'?
(1) Net Investment
(2) Gross Investment-Capital Losses
(3) Opening Stock-Capital Losses
(4) Opening Stock + Net Investment - Capital Losses
- 126.** 'Quota' is
(1) tax levied on imports
(2) imports of capital goods
(3) limit on the quantity of imports
(4) limit on the quantity of exports
- 127.** The average heartbeat rate per minute in a normal person is
(1) 82 (2) 92
(3) 72 (4) 98
- 128.** Metabolism is referred to as
(1) synthesis of biomolecules
(2) breaking-down of biomolecules
(3) synthesis and breaking down of biomolecules
(4) recycling of biomolecules
- 129.** The enzymes are basically
(1) carbohydrates
(2) lipids
(3) proteins
(4) amino acids
- 130.** Why death of fish is more common during summer than in winter? It is because of
(1) shortage of food
(2) concentration of toxins
(3) depletion of oxygen
(4) spread of diseases
- 131.** Which of the following groups of organisms reproduce faster?
(1) Algae (2) Fungi
(3) Bacteria (4) Protozoa
- 132.** Who invented Portland Cement?
(1) Leonardo da Vinci
(2) Denis Gason
(3) Joseph Aspdin
(4) Percy L. Spencer
- 133.** Which of the following districts lies to the north of the district Pratapgarh?
(1) Fatehpur
(2) Sultanpur
(3) Banda
(4) Allahabad
- 134.** Who, amidst the following is a distinguished painter?
(1) Amrita Shergill
(2) N. Rajam
(3) Kamala Dasgupta
(4) U. Srinivas
- 135.** Who was the Chairman of the Fifth Central Pay Commission?
(1) Mr. Justice Ratnavel Pandian
(2) Mr. Justice H. R. Khanna
(3) Mr. Justice K. Ramaswamy
(4) Mr. Justice B. P. Jeevan Reddy.
- 136.** Who was the Governor-General of India at the time of Revolt of 1857?
(1) Lord Dalhousie
(2) Lord Bentinck
(3) Lord Canning
(4) Lord Lytton
- 137.** Who enunciated the laws of planetary motion?
(1) Nicolaus Copernicus
(2) Johannes Kepler
(3) Isaac Newton
(4) Galileo
- 138.** Which is the field in which Ustad Bismillah Khan has distinguished himself?
(1) Sitar (2) Guitar
(3) Shenai
(4) Hindustani (Classical-Vocal)
- 139.** Where is the Bada Imambara located?
(1) Agra (2) Lucknow
(3) Patna (4) Allahabad
- 140.** Who is the Central Vigilance Commissioner?
(1) S.V. Giri
(2) T. U. Vijayasekharan
(3) N. Vittal
(4) K. Padmanabhala
- 141.** What does the open market operations of the RBI mean?
(1) Buying and selling shares
(2) Auctioning of foreign exchange
(3) Trading in securities
(4) Transactions in gold
- 142.** Which country is to host the First Afro-Asian Games in 2001?
(1) India
(2) Japan

- (3) South Africa
(4) Egypt
- 143.** Which fighting force of India will benefit from the LCA project?
(1) Army (2) Navy
(3) Air Force (4) BSF
- 144.** Where is the National Institute of Excellence in the field of information technology and allied sciences proposed to be set up?
(1) Bangalore
(2) Kanpur
(3) Allahabad
(4) New Delhi
- 145.** Which multipurpose telecommunication satellite was launched on April 5, 1999?
(1) INSTA 2 A
(2) INSAT 2B
(3) INSAT 2D
(4) INSAT 2E
- 146.** Kalinga Prize for popularisation for science was established in 1951 by the UNESCO at the initiative of
(1) C.V. Raman
(2) Jagadish Chandra Bose
(3) Biju Patnaik
(4) S. Radhakrishnan
- 147.** Which Pakistani missile was fired 3 days after the launch of Agni II?
(1) Ghauri II
(2) Prithvi I
(3) Shaheen
(4) Ghauri I
- 148.** The film that received seven Oscar Awards in 1999 is
(1) Elizabeth
(2) Saving Private Ryan
(3) Shakespeare in Love
(4) One True Thing
- 149.** In which State the percentage of Christian population is highest?
(1) Goa
(2) Kerala
(3) Mizoram
(4) Nagaland
- 150.** East Timor, in Indonesian Archipelago, was the former colony of
(1) Dutch (2) English
(3) French
(4) Portuguese
- 151.** Gandhiji opposed the Communal Award, because he thought this would bring
(1) communal disunity
(2) division in the Hindu Society
(3) economic miseries to India
(4) destruction to handicrafts
- 152.** Which of the following authorised the British Government to imprison any person without trial and conviction in a court of law?
(1) Rowlatt Act of 1919
(2) Government of India Act of 1935
(3) Indian Councils Act of 1909
(4) Government of India Act of 1919
- 153.** Gandhi-Irwin Pact is associated with
(1) Quit India Movement
(2) Civil Disobedience Movement
(3) Non-Cooperation Khilafat Movement
(4) Rowlatt Agitation
- 154.** Who, among the following was associated with the Ghadar Movement?
(1) Shyamaji Krishnavarma
(2) M. N. Roy
(3) Bhagat Singh
(4) Lala Har Dayal
- 155.** Which of the following movements was NOT led by Mahatma Gandhi?
(1) Champaran Satyagraha
(2) Wahabi Movement
(3) Non-Cooperation Movement
(4) Civil Disobedience Movement
- 156.** Who said "Give me Blood, I will give you Freedom" ?
(1) Subhash Chandra Bose
(2) Lala Lajpat Rai
(3) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
(4) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
- 157.** Simon Commission was sent by British Parliament to India to review the
(1) progress of English education
(2) social reforms
(3) working of dyarchy
(4) Hindi-Muslim unity
- 158.** Natural embankments found on upper valley sides are known as
(1) high banks
(2) levees
(3) bunds
(4) ridge
- 159.** Volcanoes are scattered
(1) all over the world
(2) only along the coasts
(3) on the islands
(4) mainly along young fold mountains
- 160.** The Strait of Gibraltar is situated in the
(1) Iberian Peninsula
(2) Indian Peninsula
(3) Arabian Peninsula
(4) Cape York Peninsula
- 161.** Maoris is the term used for the aboriginal people of
(1) Fiji
(2) New Zealand
(3) South America
(4) Tasmania
- 162.** 'Kalbatsakhi' is a kind of
(1) cropping pattern
(2) ritual practised in Kerala
(3) cyclonic storm
(4) None of these
- 163.** Cape Cod is located near
(1) Philadelphia
(2) Washington
(3) Florida
(4) Boston
- 164.** The river Ganga has two major sources—
(1) Bhagirathi and Alakananda
(2) Bhagirathi and Yamuna
(3) Bhagirathi and Saraswati
(4) Alakananda and Gandak
- 165.** Name the sea whose boundaries touch three continents.
(1) Mediterranean Sea
(2) Red Sea
(3) Caspian Sea
(4) Caribbean Sea
- 166.** Coal is formed from
(1) crude oil
(2) deposit of animal waste
(3) coke
(4) compressed and hardened biomass
- 167.** The radiant energy having lowest energy is
(1) gamma rays
(2) UV rays

- (3) visible light
(4) microwave radiation
- 168.** Commercial Vaseline is derived from
(1) plant gums
(2) coal tar
(3) wool wax
(4) petroleum
- 169.** Colour imparted to the Bunsen flame by strontium salt is
(1) bluish green
(2) apple-green
(3) brick red
(4) crimson red
- 170.** Which one of the following foodstuffs of the same quantity possesses, the highest calorific value?
(1) Butter (2) Apple
(3) Cheese (4) Sugar
- 171.** The Vice-President of India can be removed by the
(1) President on the advice of Council of Ministers
(2) Lok Sabha with the consent of the President
(3) Rajya Sabha with the concurrence of Lok Sabha
(4) Rajya Sabha with the concurrence of the President
- 172.** A mid-term poll is conducted when
(1) the Lok Sabha is dissolved before completion of its term
(2) an elected member resigns from his seat
(3) there are discrepancies in voting
(4) all MP's of a political party resign
- 173.** The main purpose of including the Directive Principles of State Policy in the Indian Constitution is to
(1) establish a welfare State
(2) establish a secular State
(3) check the arbitrary action of the Government
(4) provide best opportunities of development by the Government
- 174.** A proclamation of emergency caused by war or external aggression must be approved by both the Houses of Parliament within
(1) 15 days
(2) 1 month
(3) 2 months
(4) 3 months
- 175.** Judges of the Supreme Court retire at the age of
(1) 60 years
(2) 62 years
(3) 64 years
(4) 65 years
- 176.** Who was the first Governor-General of Independent India?
(1) Lord Attlee
(2) Lord Mountbatten
(3) C. Rajagopalachari
(4) Rajendra Prasad
- 177.** The Arya Samaj is against
(1) existence of God
(2) rituals and idol-worship
(3) Hinduism
(4) Islam
- 178.** Who, among the following benefitted most by the British revenue system in India?
(1) Sharecroppers
(2) Peasants
(3) Zamindars
(4) Agriculture-labour
- 179.** Who among the following was the last Mughal emperor?
(1) Alamgir II
(2) Shah Alam II
(3) Bahadur Shah II
(4) Akbar II
- 180.** Who, among the following Europeans, established their trade and influence in India first?
(1) British (2) French
(3) Dutch (4) Portuguese
- 181.** The Inam land was one which was assigned to
(1) scholars and religious persons
(2) Mansabdars
(3) hereditary revenue collectors
(4) nobles
- 182.** Who was the leader of the Young Bengal Movement?
(1) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
(2) Debendranath Tagore
(3) Henry Vivian Derozio
(4) David Hare
- 183.** Which Rajput ruler drew up a set of tables called Zij Muhammadshahi to enable the people to make astronomical observations?
(1) Ajit Singh
(2) Raja Sawai Jai Singh
(3) Bhara Mal
(4) Man Singh
- 184.** When and where did the Theosophical Society establish its headquarters in India?
(1) 1882-Adyar
(2) 1885-Beur
(3) 1890-Avadi
(4) 1895-Vellore
- 185.** Who built the 'Gol Gumbaz' at Bijapur, famous for the world's second largest dome and the whispering gallery?
(1) Mahmud Gawan
(2) Yusuf Adil Shah
(3) Ismail Adil Shah
(4) Muhammad Adil Shah
- 186.** Pearl Harbour, where the American Pacific Fleet was stationed, was attacked by Japanese in
(1) 1935 (2) 1939
(3) 1941 (4) 1944
- 187.** A potato tuber has been cut into two halves. A few drops of iodine solution are placed on the cut surface of one of the halves. What colour change will be noticed?
(1) From brown to blue-black
(2) From brown to orange-red
(3) From blue to pink
(4) From pink to blue-green
- 188.** EEG is a technique to record the activity of
(1) heart (2) lungs
(3) brain (4) muscles
- 189.** The colour of cow's milk is slightly yellow due to the presence of
(1) xanthophyll
(2) riboflavin
(3) ribulose
(4) carotin

- 190.** Which one of these is a communicable disease?
(1) Diabetes
(2) Diphtheria
(3) Arthritis
(4) Cancer
- 191.** Tar roads get easily damaged during
(1) summer
(2) winter
(3) rainy season
(4) peak traffic hours
- 192.** Jaundice is caused due to the infection of
(1) brain (2) liver
(3) kidney (4) spleen
- 193.** Airmass near to the earth's surface is warmer because it
(1) radiates heat
(2) contains dust particles
(3) is warmed by terrestrial radiation
(4) is far from the sun
- 194.** Source of River Nile is
(1) Lake Nassir
(2) Lake Victoria
(3) Lake Chad
(4) Lake Tanganyika
- 195.** Which one of the following is called North-easter?
(1) Cold and fast-blowing winds in northern hemisphere that move from sub-polar to polar regions
(2) Cold and fast-blowing winds in South Pole region
(3) Cold and fast-blowing winds from the polar region in northern hemisphere
(4) Winds blowing towards Kazakhstan in Central Asia
- 196.** Which of the following minerals are required for smelting iron ore?
(1) Limestone and gypsum
(2) Manganese and limestone
(3) Limestone and coal
(4) Gypsum and coal
- 197.** Which of the following projects supplies electricity to the Rourkela Steel Plant?
(1) Damodar Valley Project
(2) Hirakud Dam Project
(3) Tungabhadra Project
(4) Nagarjuna Project
- 198.** Many of the active volcanoes are situated in
(1) Atlantic Ocean
(2) Pacific Ocean
(3) Indian Ocean
(4) Arctic Ocean
- 199.** The important fishing harbour in India is
(1) Kolkata (2) Cochin
(3) Paradeep (4) Mumbai
- 200.** The number of zodiacs is
(1) 10 (2) 12
(3) 13 (4) 11

**Answer: General
Awareness**

101	(1)
102	(2)
103	(4)
104	(3)
105	(2)
106	(3)
107	(2)
108	(2)
109	(3)
110	(3)
111	(3)
112	(1)
113	(2)
114	(2)
115	(1)
116	(2)
117	(2)
118	(1)
119	(4)
120	(3)
121	(2)
122	(3)
123	(3)
124	(1)
125	(4)

126	(3)
127	(3)
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150	(4)

151	(2)
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163	(3)
164	(1)
165	(1)
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169	(4)
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