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SSC Combined Matric Level (Pre) Exam
General Awareness Solved Question
Paper – 2000 (East Zone)

- 101.** Tricolour was adopted as the National Flag in—
(1) Lahore Congress
(2) Belgaum Congress
(3) Allahabad Congress
(4) Haripura Congress
- 102.** Who presided over the first Session of the Indian National Congress?
(1) A.O. Hume
(2) W.C. Bannerjee
(3) Surendranth Bannerjee
(4) Badruddin Tyabji
- 103.** When was the Dandi March undertaken?
(1) 31st December, 1929
(2) 12th March, 1930
(3) 5th April, 1930
(4) 5th May, 1930
- 104.** Who was the first proponent of the Doctrine of Passive Resistance?
(1) B.G. Tilak
(2) Aurobindo Ghosh
(3) Lajpat Rai
(4) G. K. Gokhale
- 105.** Who was the Congress President during 1940-42?
(1) Jawaharlal Nehru
(2) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
(3) Maulana Azad
(4) Rajendra Prasad
- 106.** Two seas or water-bodies connected by a narrow stretch of water is known as a
(1) Bay (2) Strait
(3) Peninsula (4) Isthmus
- 107.** Iron ore from Kudremukh mines is exported from
(1) Mormugao
(2) Cochin
(3) Mangalore
(4) Chennai
- 108.** What are the Morley-Minto Reforms of 1909 known for?
(1) Separate Electorates
(2) Provincial Dyarchy
(3) Provincial Autonomy
(4) Federalism
- 109.** Hanging Valley is very common in
(1) high mountains
(2) sub-Arctic region
(3) glaciated areas
(4) coastal belt
- 110.** Which of the following is correctly matched?
Wildlife Sanctuary State
(1) Bandipur— Tamil Nadu
(2) Manas— Uttar Pradesh
(3) Ranthambhore — Rajasthan
(4) Simlipal— Bihar
- 111.** Mud houses are cooler in summers and warmer in winters as compared to brick houses because
(1) mud is a good conductor
(2) mud is a bad conductor
(3) mud is a poor insulator
(4) evaporation of water causes cooling in summers and sunlight coming through holes causes warming in winters
- 112.** After long periods of use, a grey spot develops on the inside of a bulb. This is because
(1) the tungsten filament evaporates and collects there
(2) the heat of the bulb scorches the glass at the top
(3) dust inside the bulb condenses on the top
(4) glass undergoes a change due to the heat
- 113.** The largest producer of coffee in the world is
(1) Brazil (2) Sri Lanka
(3) India (4) Myanmar
- 114.** The word 'dendritic' is associated with—
(1) wind (2) waves
(3) rivers (4) glaciers
- 115.** When the earth is at the maximum distance from the Sun, it is called
(1) Aphelion
(2) Perihelion
(3) Equinox
(4) Sidereal
- 116.** Should cars have bumpers that collapse under impact?
(1) Yes, since the offending car should get damaged and pay for the mistake
(2) No, since it would be very expensive to get the car repaired
(3) No, since the colliding car would then ram into the occupants and kill them
(4) Yes, since they help to absorb the impact of a collision and keep the occupants safe
- 117.** Which type of radiations are absorbed by the upper layer of the atmosphere?
(1) Radio-waves
(2) Infrared
(3) Visible
(4) Ultraviolet
- 118.** What is the common in AIDS, mumps and poliomyelitis?
(1) Young children get affected most readily
(2) No effective vaccine has yet been developed for them
(3) These are caused by viruses
(4) Their germs can be transmitted through blood transfusions
- 119.** Ice cubes are added to a glass of pure water and a glass of pure alcohol. The ice would be
(1) at a higher level in water
(2) at a higher level in alcohol
(3) at the same level in both
(4) floating in alcohol and sinking in water
- 120.** Which enzyme converts proteins?
(1) Pepsin (2) Trypsin
(3) Erepsin
(4) Enterokinase
- 121.** The deficiency of iron in man result in
(1) Anaemia
(2) Night blindness
(3) Scurvy (4) Rickets
- 122.** Protein which renders a cell less susceptible to attack by viruses is called—
(1) Actomyosin
(2) Chloromycetin
(3) Hybridoma
(4) Infeon
- 123.** Haemophilia is mostly associated with
(1) Labourers
(2) Royal families
(3) Miners
(4) Sportsmen

- 124.** Approximately how many times each day, do our heart valves open and close normally?
(1) 10,000 times
(2) 1,00,000 times
(3) 1,50,000 times
(4) 2,00,000 times
- 125.** The Treaty of Versailles humiliated
(1) Austria (2) Germany
(3) England (4) France
- 126.** What was meant by the Secretary of State for India during the British rule?
(1) An official who worked as the Secretary to the Viceroy of India
(2) A Secretary level official appointed in each Presidency of India
(3) A British minister given full control over the Government of India
(4) A senior officer appointed by the Viceroy to look into the internal administration in India
- 127.** 'Lucknow Pact' was a deal between
(1) Indians and the British about legislative seats
(2) Hindus and Muslims regarding seat sharing in legislatures
(3) Depressed castes and Brahmins about job reservations
(4) Hindus and Sikhs about job reservations
- 128.** The joint session of the Congress and Muslim League was held in 1916 at—
(1) Delhi (2) Kanpur
(3) Lucknow (4) Madras
- 129.** Who, among the following, founded the 'All India Depressed Classes Federation' in 1920?
(1) M.K. Gandhi
(2) Jyotiba Phule
(3) G.K. Gokhale
(4) B.R. Ambedkar
- 130.** The first Trading Centre which was established by the British was,
(1) Kolkata (2) Surat
(3) Chennai (4) Mumbai
- 131.** The Mir Bakshi of the Mughal Emperors was the head of
(1) Intelligence
(2) Foreign affairs
(3) Army organisation
(4) Finance
- 132.** Who, among the following, was not a part of the Mauryan dynasty?
(1) Ajatsatru
(2) Bindusara
(3) Chandragupta Maurya
(4) None of these
- 133.** When and which Governor-General decided to make English the medium of instruction in India?
(1) 1806-Lord Wellesley
(2) 1845-Lord Hardinge
(3) 1885-Lord William Bentinck
(4) 1850-Lord Dalhousie
- 134.** Who among the following, is acknowledged as the pioneer of Local Self-Government in India?
(1) Rippon (2) Mayo
(3) Lytton (4) Curzon
- 135.** Normal blood pressure of man is
(1) 80/120 mm Hg
(2) 90/140 mm Hg
(3) 120/160 mm Hg
(4) 85/120 mm Hg
- 136.** Sugarcane plants are usually propagated by vegetative means because
(1) they do not produce seeds
(2) it is possible to maintain genetic quality
(3) the incidence of disease may be reduced
(4) the seeds are not viable
- 137.** Who among the following is popularly known as 'Pertyar'?
(1) C.V. Raman Pillai
(2) C.N. Mudaliar
(3) E.V. Ramaswamy Naicker
(4) L. Ramkrishna Pillai
- 138.** Sangam Age is associated with the history of
(1) Benaras
(2) Allahabad
(3) Tamil Nadu
(4) Khajuraho
- 139.** In which of the following places was the Ryotwari settlement introduced?
(1) Uttar Pradesh and Punjab
(2) North-West Provinces and Punjab
(3) Madras and Bombay
(4) Bengal and Bihar
- 140.** The pigment involved in photosynthetic activity is
(1) anthocyanin
(2) fucxanthin
(3) carotenoid
(4) chlorophyll
- 141.** The Chief Election Commissioner of India holds office
(1) for six years
(2) during the pleasure of the President
(3) for six years or till the age of 65 whichever is earlier
(4) for five years or till the age of 60 whichever is earlier
- 142.** The day-to-day administration of a Union Territory in India is carried out by the—
(1) President
(2) Governor
(3) Home Minister
(4) Lt. Governor
- 143.** Which two states have a common High Court?
(1) Himachal Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh
(2) Haryana and Punjab
(3) Gujarat and Maharashtra
(4) Kerala and Tamil Nadu
- 144.** Free-living nitrogen fixing micro-organisms are
(1) Rhizobia
(2) Soil fungi
(3) Vesticular arbuscular mycorrhiza
(4) Blue green algae
- 145.** How can a dairy farmer reduce fodder consumption by his cattle and also increase milk production?
(1) By increasing the supply of feed concentrate
(2) By stall feeding
(3) By allowing the cattle to graze in the fields
(4) By administering hormones
- 146.** Vegetable oils are converted into solid fat (ghee) by
(1) Hydrolysis
(2) Addition of agar
(3) Oxidation using air and a catalyst
(4) Hydrogenation
- 147.** How many members of the Anglo-Indian community may be nominated by the President in the Lok Sabha?

- (1) Four (2) Two
(3) Any number
(4) Only one
- 148.** An example of replenishable energy source is—
(1) Coal (2) Petroleum
(3) Lignite (4) Biomass
- 149.** What is the duration of membership of State Legislative Councils?
(1) 3 years (2) 5 years
(3) 6 years (4) 9 years
- 150.** Who was the Chairman of the Constituent Assembly of India?
(1) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
(2) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
(3) Dr. B.N. Rau
(4) Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru
- 151.** If the price of Pepsi decreases relative to the price of Coke and 7-Up, the demand for
(1) Coke will decrease
(2) 7-Up will decrease
(3) Coke and 7-Up will increase
(4) Coke and 7-Up will decrease
- 152.** The demand curve shows that price and quantity demanded are
(1) directly related only
(2) directly proportional and also directly related
(3) inversely proportional and also inversely related
(4) inversely related only
- 153.** A drug which helps in controlling fever is
(1) Ibuprofen
(2) Penicillin
(3) Paracetamol
(4) Corticosteroid
- 154.** Identify the correct statement with respect to Biogas.
(1) Mixture of gases from volcanoes
(2) Gas produced from certain crude oil wells
(3) Gas produced by incomplete combustion of biomass
(4) Gas produced by fermentation of biomass
- 155.** Aspartame is the name of a product used by diabetic patients as a sweetening agent. It belongs to the class of—
(1) Carbohydrates
(2) Peptides
(3) Polyhydric alcohols
(4) Alkaloids
- 156.** The largest share of India's national income originates in the
(1) Primary sector
(2) Secondary sector
(3) Tertiary sector
(4) Any of the above
- 157.** As output increases, average fixed cost
(1) increases
(2) falls
(3) remains constant
(4) first increases, then falls
- 158.** Which of the following is not a part of national income?
(1) Wages and Salaries
(2) Profits
(3) Rent
(4) Interest on national debt
- 159.** Which of the following is a part of tertiary sector?
(1) Power and transportation
(2) Animal Husbandry
(3) Cotton manufacturing
(4) Cultivation of crops
- 160.** Fixed cost is known as
(1) Special cost
(2) Direct cost
(3) Prime cost
(4) Overhead cost
- 161.** The Melanesian Island Group lies in the
(1) Pacific Ocean
(2) Atlantic Ocean
(3) Indian Ocean
(4) Arctic Ocean
- 162.** The State which has developed wind energy is
(1) Gujarat
(2) Karnataka
(3) Kerala
(4) Andhra Pradesh
- 163.** The Continent through which the imaginary lines of Tropic of Cancer, Tropic of Capricorn and Equator pass, is
(1) Africa (2) Australia
(3) Europe (4) Asia
- 164.** Which of the following countries has highest percentage of land under cultivation?
(1) U.S.A. (2) India
(3) China (4) Canada
- 165.** Which one of the following countries is known as the "Land of Thunderbolt"?
(1) Belgium (2) Nepal
(3) Bhutan (4) Bolivia
- 166.** Which one of the following is called "Ring of Fire"?
(1) Circum Pacific Belt
(2) Mid-Continental Belt
(3) Indian Ocean Belt
(4) Atlantic Ocean Belt
- 167.** The scale that measures the intensity of earthquakes is called as
(1) Vernier scale
(2) Richter scale
(3) Beaufort scale
(4) Diagonal scale
- 168.** The largest Masonry dam has been constructed on the river
(1) Krishna (2) Rihand
(3) Sutlej (4) Mahanadi
- 169.** Which planet is called evening star?
(1) Mars (2) Mercury
(3) Venus (4) Jupiter
- 170.** Great Barrier Reef of Australia is located parallel to
(1) East coast
(2) West coast
(3) North coast
(4) South coast
- 171.** Which among the following places, was not an important centre of the Revolt of 1857?
(1) Agra (2) Kanpur
(3) Jhansi (4) Lucknow
- 172.** Which among the following was the capital of Shivaji?
(1) Poona (2) Raigarh
(3) Singharh (4) Panhala
- 173.** Who, among the following, abolished the Dual System of Government in Bengal?
(1) Lord Clive
(2) Lord Cornwallis
(3) Spencer
(4) Lord Warren Hastings
- 174.** Who among the following was famous for framing the education minute?
(1) Lord Elgin
(2) Lord Macaulay
(3) Sadler
(4) None of these
- 175.** Who was the court poet of Harsha?

- (1) Bhani
(2) Ravi Kirti
(3) Banabhatta
(4) Vishnu Sharma
- 176.** The Second World War started in the year—
(1) 1940 (2) 1939
(3) 1941 (4) 1942
- 177.** Who, among the following, has been known as the 'Frontier Gandhi'?
(1) Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan
(2) Khan Saheb
(3) Chaudhary Shaukatullah
(4) Liaquat Ali Khan
- 178.** The Ryotwari System of Land Tenure refers to a situation where—
(1) the Ryot is the owner of the land held by him/her and directly pays the revenue assessed on the land to the State
(2) the Ryot is an occupancy tenant of his/her land and pays the land revenue to the Zamindar
(3) the person cultivates the land leased from a landlord and in return pays rent to the landlord
(4) the land is collectively owned and cultivated on a cooperative basis
- 179.** Swami Dayanand Saraswati established the first Arya Samaj in 1875 at
(1) Bombay
(2) Lahore
(3) Nagpur
(4) Ahmadnagar
- 180.** Who, among the following, was the pioneer of social reform movements in 19th century India?
(1) Aurobindo Ghosh
(2) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
(3) Devendra Nath Tagore
(4) Keshav Chandra Sen
- 181.** Which district lies to the south of the district Tiruchirappalli?
(1) Villupuram
(2) Salem
(3) Vellore
(4) Pudukkottai
- 182.** Who, among the following, is a distinguished Odissi dancer?
(1) Sonal Mansingh
(2) Sanyukta Panigrahi
(3) Shovana Narayan
(4) Hema Malini
- 183.** Who is the Chairman of the National Human Rights Commission?
(1) Mr. Justice Ranganath Misra
(2) Mr. Justice M.N. Venkatachaliah
(3) Mr. Justice A. H. Ahmadi
(4) Mr. Justice J.S. Verma
- 184.** Which of the following is the Japanese currency?
(1) Taka (2) Lira
(3) Mark (4) Yen
- 185.** Who invented the hydrogen bomb?
(1) J. Robert Oppenheimer
(2) Albert Einstein
(3) Samuel Cohen
(4) Edward Taylor
- 186.** Which is the instrument of music in which Ustad Amjad Ali Khan has distinguished himself?
(1) Sarod (2) Violin
(3) Sitar (4) Shehnai
- 187.** Who is the Solicitor-General of India?
(1) Ashok Desai
(2) N. Santosh Hegde
(3) Harish Salve
(4) S.B. Jaisinghani
- 188.** Who, among the following, is a non-Indian, who was conferred "Bharat Ratna"?
(1) Mother Teresa
(2) Sheikh Mujibur Rehman
(3) Nelson Mandela
(4) Lord Mountbatten
- 189.** 'Liberty, Equality and Fraternity' is the call associated with
(1) American Revolution
(2) French Revolution
(3) Chinese Revolution
(4) Russian Revolution
- 190.** Where is the lotus-shaped marble house of worship located?
(1) Mumbai (2) Pune
(3) Delhi (4) Agra
- 191.** Where is the proposed Microsoft Software Development Centre in India to come up?
(1) Bangalore
(2) New Delhi
(3) Hyderabad
(4) Pune
- 192.** Lion is conserved at
(1) Kaziranga Sanctuary
(2) Gir Sanctuary
(3) Corbett National Park
(4) Manas Sanctuary
- 193.** Among the tax revenues of the Union Government, what is the largest source?
(1) Income Tax
(2) Corporation Tax
(3) Central Excise
(4) Customs Duty
- 194.** What was the objective of Command Area Development Programme?
(1) To ensure that land is given to the tillers
(2) To ensure better utilisation of irrigation potential
(3) To develop the areas under the command of Army
(4) Poverty alleviation in selected areas
- 195.** Which country assisted India to establish the Koodankulam Nuclear Power Station in Tamil Nadu?
(1) Russia (2) Canada
(3) Germany (4) France
- 196.** The only category in which either an Indian or person of Indian origin has not got a Nobel Prize is
(1) Medicine
(2) Chemistry
(3) Physics
(4) Literature
- 197.** 'Kuchipudi' is a dance style of
(1) Kerala
(2) Tamil Nadu
(3) Karnataka
(4) Andhra Pradesh
- 198.** Which India cricketer holds the unique record of three consecutive centuries in his first three tests?
(1) Saurav Ganguly
(2) Mohammad Azharuddin
(3) Surinder Amarnath
(4) Gundappa Vishwanath
- 199.** The Olympic Games which will be held in the year 2000 are scheduled to be held at which place?
(1) Sydney (2) Delhi
(3) Beijing (4) Paris
- 200.** The first World Cup in cricket was held in
(1) 1975 (2) 1976
(3) 1983 (4) 1980

**Answer: General
Awareness**

101	(1)
102	(2)
103	(2)
104	(2)
105	(3)
106	(2)
107	(3)
108	(1)
109	(3)
110	(3)
111	(2)
112	(1)
113	(1)
114	(3)
115	(1)
116	(4)
117	(4)
118	(3)
119	(4)
120	(2)
121	(1)
122	(2)
123	(2)
124	(2)
125	(2)

126	(3)
127	(2)
128	(3)
129	(4)
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132	(1)
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144	(1)
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148	(4)
149	(3)
150	(1)

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193	(3)
194	(2)
195	(1)
196	(1)
197	(4)
198	(2)
199	(1)
200	(1)